AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-26. Canceled.

- 27. (Currently Amended) A method for determining a mask-fit test pressure to be applied to a wearer's mask by ventilatory assistance apparatus, wherein the mask-fit pressure is adaptively dependent on a prior pressure treatment session of the wearer, said mask-fit test pressure being substantially similar in magnitude to normal pressures encountered during the prior treatment session.
- 28. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) In a continuous positive airway pressure apparatus having an automatic titration mode that delivers a flow of pressurized breathable gas to a wearer's mask, a method for determining of a mask-fit pressure to be applied to the wearer's mask by the apparatus, said method comprising:

measuring by a pressure sensor the mask pressure used by the wearer during a treatment session; and

determining a mask fit test pressure from the pressures used by the wearer during the treatment session, said mask-fit test pressure being substantially similar in magnitude to normal pressures encountered during the treatment session.

29. (Withdrawn) A method for determining a mask-fit test pressure to be applied to a wearer's mask by ventilatory assistance apparatus, the method comprising:

determining a percentile pressure of a previous ventilatory assistance session to be said test pressure.

- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein said percentile pressure is chosen from the range of the 75th-95th percentile pressure.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30, further comprising determining a base pressure to be said test pressure if there is no previous percentile pressure available.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein said base pressure is in the range of $10\text{-}12~\text{cm}~\text{H}_2\text{0}$.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 32, further comprising:

 determining that a previous pressure is available if a pressure ventilatory assistance session occurred for greater than a predetermined time interval.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33, wherein said predetermined time interval is three hours.
- 35. (Withdrawn) A method for assessing correct fitting of a mask delivering ventilatory assistance, provided by ventilatory assistance apparatus, to a wearer of the mask, the method comprising:

determining a percentile pressure of a previous ventilatory assistance session to be applied as a test pressure;

determining leak flow from said mask at the test pressure; and displaying or otherwise indicating a magnitude of the leak flow as an indication of correct mask fitting.

- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 35, wherein said leak flow is quantized to represent a degree of leak.
 - 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, further comprising: comparing said leak flow against a threshold value representing zero degree of leak; and determining that there is correct mask fitting if the threshold is not exceeded.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, further comprising determining a base pressure to be applied as said test pressure if there is no previous percentile pressure available.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein said percentile pressure is chosen from the range of the 75th-95th percentile pressure.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 39, wherein said base pressure is in the range of 10-12 cm H₂O.

- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 39, further comprising determining that a previous pressure is available if a pressure ventilatory assistance session occurred for greater than a predetermined time interval.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein said predetermined time interval is three hours.
- 43. (Withdrawn) A method for determining a mask-fit positive test pressure to be applied to a wearer's mask by ventilatory assistance apparatus, the method comprising:

determining a percentile pressure of a previous ventilatory assistance session to be said positive test pressure.

- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein said percentile pressure is chosen from the range of the 75th-95th percentile pressure.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, comprising determining a base pressure to be said positive test pressure if there is no previous percentile pressure available.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The method claim 45, wherein said base pressure is in the range of $10\text{-}12~\text{cm}~\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, further comprising determining that a previous pressure is available if a pressure ventilatory assistance session occurred for greater than a predetermined time interval.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 47, wherein said predetermined time interval is three hours.
- 49. (Withdrawn) A method for assessing correct fitting of a mask delivering ventilatory assistance, provided by ventilatory assistance apparatus, to a wearer of the mask, the method comprising:

determining a percentile pressure of a previous ventilatory assistance session to be applied as a positive test pressure;

determining leak flow from said mask at the positive test pressure; and displaying or otherwise indicating a magnitude of the leak flow as an indication of correct mask fitting.

- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, wherein said leak flow is quantized to represent a degree of leak.
 - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, further comprising: comparing said leak flow against a threshold value representing zero degree of leak; and determining that there is correct mask fitting if the threshold is not exceeded.

- 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, further comprising determining a base pressure to be applied as said positive test pressure if there is no previous percentile pressure available.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 52, wherein said percentile pressure is chosen from the range of the 75th-95th percentile pressure.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 52, wherein said base pressure is in the range of 10-12 cm H_2O .
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, further comprising determining that a previous pressure is available if a pressure ventilatory assistance session occurred for greater than a predetermined time interval.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, wherein said predetermined time interval is three hours.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the mask-fit test pressure is determined based on a prior use by comparing leak flow to a threshold leak flow value.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein leak flow is determined over a predetermined time period.

- 59. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 58, wherein the leak flow is determined based on a time constant of about 10 seconds.
- 60. (Currently Amended) A method for determining a mask-fit test pressure to be applied to a wearer's mask by ventilatory assistance apparatus The method of claim 27, wherein the method is practiced with a CPAP device having two functional modes.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, wherein determining the mask-fit pressure includes sampling of pressure signals in a gas supply assembly associated with the mask.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 61, wherein the sampling of pressure signals occurs in a delivery tube of the gas supply assembly.
- 63. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 61A method for determining a maskfit test pressure to be applied to a wearer's face by ventilatory assistance apparatus, wherein:
 the mask-fit pressure is adaptively dependent on a prior pressure treatment session of the wearer,

determining the mask-fit pressure includes sampling of pressure signals in a gas supply associated with the mask, and

the sampling of pressure signals occurs in a blower of the gas supply assembly.

64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 61, wherein the sampling of pressure signals occurs at predetermined intervals.

- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein sampling occurs at about 20 millisecond intervals.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 61, wherein the sampling of the pressure signals includes determining a flow of gas in the mask and generating a delivery pressure signal.
- 67. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 61A method for determining a maskfit test pressure to be applied to a wearer's face by ventilatory assistance apparatus, wherein:
 the mask-fit pressure is adaptively dependent on a prior pressure treatment session of the wearer,

determining the mask-fit pressure includes sampling of pressure signals in a gas supply associated with the mask, and

determining the mask-fit pressure also includes processing the sampled pressure signals and producing a control signal based on the processed signals, wherein the control signal is provided to a motor to provide a determined treatment <u>pressurespressure</u>.

68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 67, further comprising comparing a signal representative of actual delivery pressure with the control signal.

- 69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, further comprising varying at least one setting relating to test pressure intervals, test pressure period, and determined test pressure.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the first mode is a manual mode and the second mode is an automatic titration mode, and wherein:

in the manual mode, the test-fit pressure is the current set treatment pressure, and in the automatic titration mode, the test-fit pressure is a percentile pressure of the prior treatment session.

- 71. (New) The method of claim 70, wherein the test-fit pressure is a base pressure if data from said prior treatment session is not available.
- 72. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein pressure data from said prior treatment session is available if the prior treatment pressure occurred for at least a predetermined time interval.
- 73. (New) The method of claim 72, wherein the predetermined time interval is about 3 hours.